

G.R., H. and S.D., No. 733 vide Surgeon General with the Govt of harashtra, Bombay's RW1462/19357/1, dated

MLPM No. SAH/2200/17 19/10/2017

C. M. 67 e.

Memorandum of a post-mortem examination held at

Government Medical College and Hospital, Nagpur

Dispensary Hospital

on the dead body of Shudodhan Prahlad Meshram

of Village City

Hevti

Taluka Nagpur

,District Nagpur

,by Dr. Sarah Al Hinnawi

Dr. D.S.Akarte

- I. General Particulars-
- 1. (a) By whom was the corpse sent?

P.S. Medical Police Booth, Nagpur

(b) Name of place from which sent.

Surgery Casualty, Govt. Medical College, Nagpur

- (c) Distance of place from which sent.
- 2. By whom was the corpse brought?

∼ ASI Baban , B. No. 1357, P.S. Medical Police Booth, Nagpur

3. By whom identified?

4. The, date, hour and minute of its receipt.

> (a) The, date, hour and minute of beginning post-mortem examination.

12:50 PM

12:45 PM

19/10/2017

(b) The, date, hour and minute of ending post-mortem exami-

nation.

02:00 PM

5. Substance of accompanying Report from Police Officer or Magistrate, together with the date of death if known. Supposed cause of death or reason, for examination

As per Police inquest and requisition. Date and time of death is 19/10/2017 at 12:50 AM H/O - Accident on 17/10/2017

tigatiz

If not examined at Dispensary or Hospital -

(a) Name of place where examined.

(b) Distance from Dispensary or HospitalPatient was admitted in Surgery Casualty ,Govt. Medical College,Nagpur on 18/10/2017 and died on 19/10/2017 at 12:50 am

(c) Reason why the body was not sent to the Dispensary or Hospital.

II. External Examination-

7. Sex, apparent age, race or caste.

Male Aged about 45 Years

Description of clothes and of ornaments on the body.

Body wrapped in red checked bedsheet grey shirt, brown underwear

 Condition of the clothes-Whether wet with water, stained with blood or soiled with vomit or foecal matter.

Dry

 Special marks on the skin such as scars, tattooing etc., any malformations peculiarities, or other marks of identification. State of the teeth.

Dead body identified by ASI on duty Teeth-Intact

P R In newly born infants, the length and (if possible), the weight of the body to be recorded together with the state of the hair, nails and umbilical cord, its length, whether placenta is attached or not, if present, its size and condition.

Not Applicable

ciated, warm or cold.

Average Built

Cold



PM No. :SAH/2200/17 Dated : 19/10/2017

Mortis - Well marked, or absent; whether in the whole body or

Present and generalized

nd signs of decompresence postlividity of buttocks, ck and thighs or any irt. Whether bullae and the nature of contained fluid. No signs of decomposition present. Post mortem lividity present over back and buttocks except at pressure point, fixed

 Whether natural n, state of eyes, of tongue: nature any) oozing from strils or ears. Feature : Natural Eyes : Closed Comea : Hazy

Mouth : Closed
Tongue : Inside the mouth

No oozing from the mouth, nostrils and ears.

of skin - Marks etc. In suspected the presence or cutis answers Dry and pale.

No injury to external genitals No purging

16. Position of limbs -Especially of arms and of fingers in suspected drowning the presence or absence of sand or earth within the nails or on the skin of hands and feet.

Both limbs semi flexed

(b)

(c

7

17. Surface wounds and injuries - Their nature, position, dimensions (measured) directions and to be accurately stated-their probable age and causes to be noted.

Lacerated wound of size 3 cm X 1 cm X bone deep present ove forehead, transversely oblique underlying bone fractured.

Lacerated wound of size 6 cm X 4 cm X muscle deep present ov

transverse.

Lacerated wound of size 10 cm X 6 cm X muscle deep present lateral aspect of right thigh, vertically oblique.

Lacerated wound of size 10 cm X 8 cm X muscle deep presen

medial aspect of right thigh, vertically oblique.

Lacerated wound of size 6 cm X 1 cm X muscle deep present aspect of right foot, transverse.

6 Therapeutic intravenous mark present over right hand dorsum

If bruises be present what is of condition the the subcutaneous tissues?

(N.B.- (When injuries are numerous and cannot be mentioned within the space available they should be mentioned on a separate paper which should be signed).

18. Other injuries discovered by examination external palpation as fractures etc.

None

(a) Can you say definitely that the injuries shown against serial Nos. 17 and 18 are ante mortem injuries?

Yes , Antemortem

21. Abdom en-

Intact

Walls

Intact

Peritoneum

No free fluid.

Cavity

Buccal Cavity, teeth, tongue and Pharynx. Mucosa - Pale.

Oesophagus

Mucosa - Pale.

Stomach and its contents

200 cc yellowish fluid, No peculiar odour., mucosa-pale .

Small intestine and its contents.

Gases and faeces present

Large intestine and its contents.

Liver (with weight) and gall bladder.

Congested

Pancreas and Suprarenals

Congested

Spleen with weight

Congested

Kidneys with weight

Congested

Bladder

Empty

Organs of generations

Intact.

Additional remarks with where possible, medical officer's deduction from the state of the contents of the stomach as to time of death and last meal.

Nil

State which viscera (if any) have been retained for chemical examination and also quote the numbers on the bottles containing the same.

Routine viscera not preserved.

Spinal Cord-

Intact. Not opened.

Head Injury

_{seth}er the ante-mortem injuries and on the dead body were fficient in the ordinary course nature to cause death.

Yes

yes, which of the injuries were dividually sufficient in the dinary course of nature to cause eath.

Injury no. 1 mentioned under column no. 17 along with its corresponding internal injury mentioned under column no. 19

hich of the injuries collectively are ifficient in the ordinary course of_ ture to cause death.

on as to the cause ble cause of death.

D.S.AKeterURER Deptt. Of Forensic Medicine

Govt. Medical College, NAGPUR

Dr. Sarah Al Hinnawi Resident Doctor Dept. of Fustgrature edicine GMC, Nagpur.

Spinal Cord need not be examined unless there are any indications of disease, Strychnine poisoning or

The report must be written and signed immediately after the examination. Medical Officers will at once despatch a duplicate copy to the Civil Surgeon of their district for record in his office.

No. SAH/2200/17 19/10/2017

Place Dispensary Civil Hospital

Government Medical College and Hospital, Nagpur

Forwarded to the Police Sub-Inspector

Medical Police Booth, Nagpur PS

for information with reference to his No.

00/17 U/S 174 Cr.P.C

2. Viscera has been preserved. It may please be stated *immediately* whether examination by the Chemical Analyser is necessary or it is to be destroyed.

Routine viscera not preserved.

\$ Hours

Dr.

D.S.Akarte

Deptt. Of Forensic Medicine Govt.Medical College, NAGPUR Shunavei

Dr. Sarah Al Hinnawi Resident Doctor

Dept. of Forensic Medicine GMC, Nagpur. Civil Surgeon or M.M.S. Officer

Copy forwarded with compliments to the Civil Surgeon, for information.

M.M.S. Officer

Seen and examined by the Civil Surgeon, on

Remarks of the Civil Surgeon,

NIL.

Submitted to concerned clerk, LMJ office.

Civil Surgeon